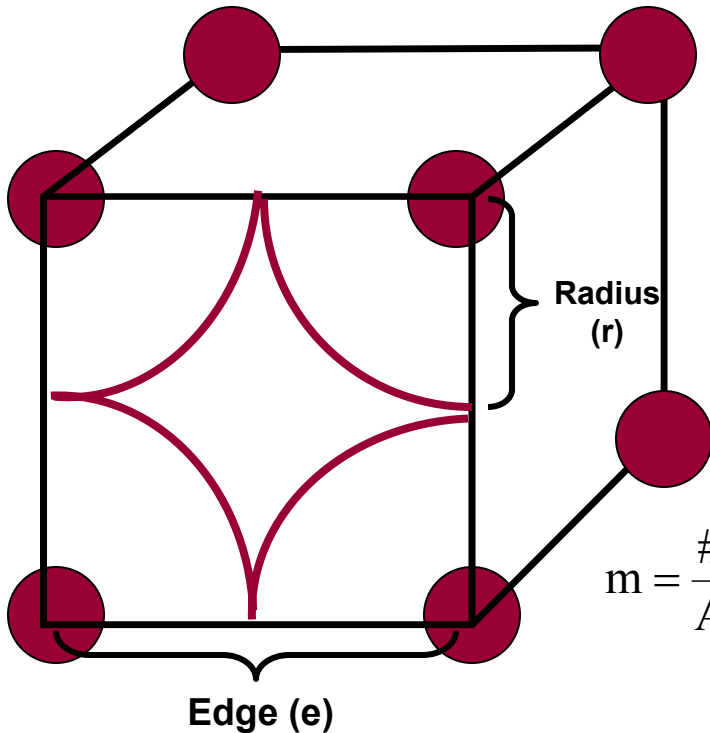


# Cubic Cell Units



Simple Cubic

$$r = e/2$$

---


$$\text{Density} = m/V_{UC}$$

$$V_{UC} = (e)^3$$

$$m = \frac{\# \text{ atoms in Unit Cell}}{\text{Avagadro's Number}} \cdot \frac{\text{Molar Mass}}{1 \text{ mol}}$$

# Face Centered Cubic

$$d = 4r$$

$$d^2 = e^2 + e^2$$

$$(4r)^2 = 2e^2$$

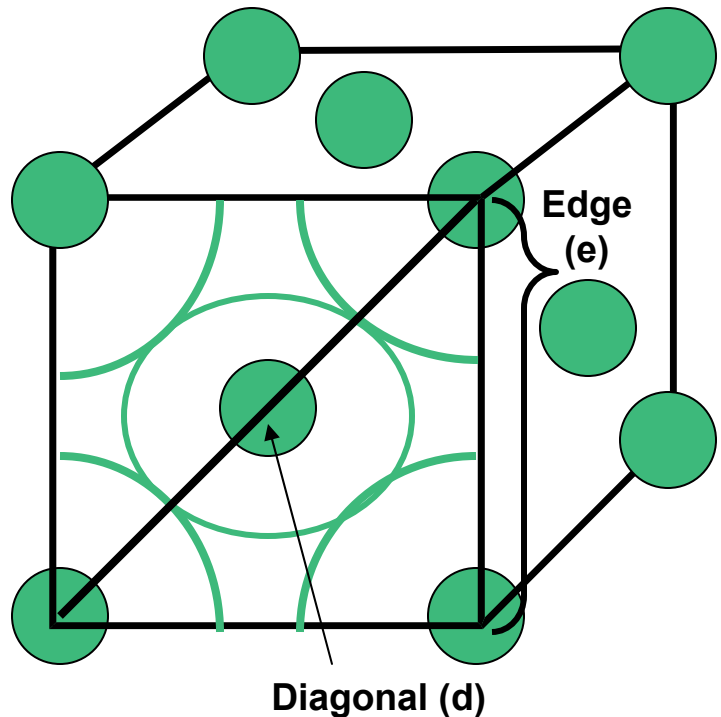
$$r = e/\sqrt{8}$$

---


$$\text{Density} = m/V_{UC}$$

$$V_{UC} = (e)^3$$

$$m = \frac{\# \text{ atoms in Unit Cell}}{\text{Avagadro's Number}} \cdot \frac{\text{Molar Mass}}{1 \text{ mol}}$$



# Cubic Cell Units

## Body Centered Cubic

$$c = 4r$$

$$c^2 = d^2 + e^2$$

$$(4r)^2 = 2e^2 + e^2$$

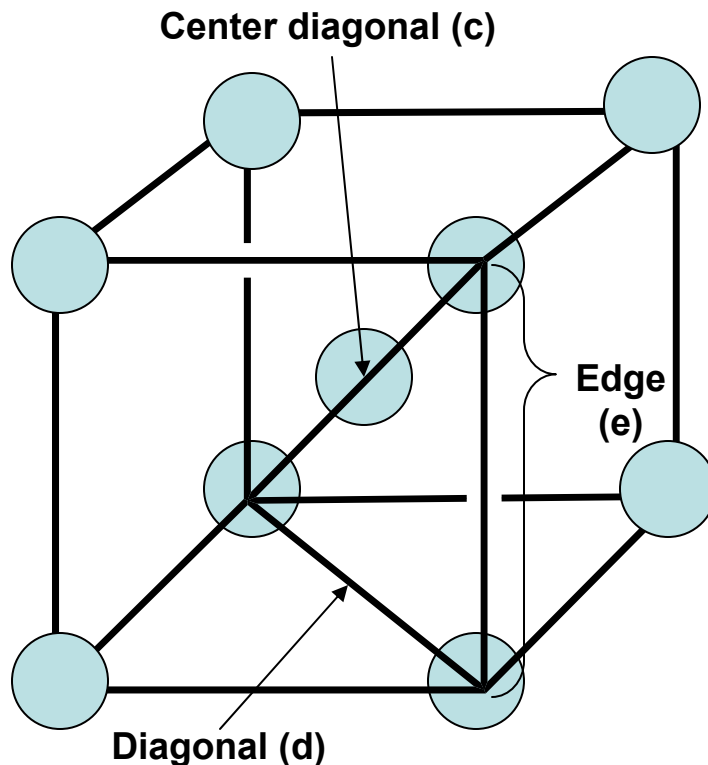
$$16r^2 = 3e^2$$

$$r = e(\sqrt{3}/16)$$

---


$$\text{Density} = m/V_{UC}$$

$$V_{UC} = (e)^3$$



$$m = \frac{\# \text{ atoms in Unit Cell}}{\text{Avagadro's Number}} \bullet \frac{\text{Molar Mass}}{1 \text{ mol}}$$

## % of occupied space:

$$\% \text{ Occupied Space} = \frac{\text{Volume of Atom(s)}}{\text{Volume of the Unit Cell}} \bullet 100$$

$$V_{\text{Atom(s)}} = (\# \text{ atoms in unit cell}) \bullet \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

---

For each unit cell, you should be able to calculate the radius of an atom, the edge of the unit cell, the density of the compound or element and the % of occupied space.